

\mathfrak{g} -SYMPLECTIC ORBITS AND A SOLUTION OF THE BRST CONSISTENCY CONDITION

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Abstract. For any Lie algebra \mathfrak{g} we introduce the notion of \mathfrak{g} -symplectic structures and show that every orbit of a principal G -bundle carries a natural \mathfrak{g} -symplectic form and an associated momentum map induced by the Maurer–Cartan form on G . We apply this to the BRST bicomplex and show that the associated momentum map is a solution of the Wess–Zumino consistency condition for the anomaly.

1. Introduction

We first introduce the notion of Lie algebra \mathfrak{g} -valued symplectic structures and we show that every orbit of a principal G -bundle carries a natural \mathfrak{g} -symplectic form, which is exact and induced from the Maurer–Cartan form on the Lie group G . The G -action has a natural momentum map which is an invariant for any fundamental vector field. In order to give a solution to the BRST (Wess–Zumino) consistency condition, we generalize these results to infinite dimensional group \mathcal{G} of gauge transformations which acts on \mathfrak{g} -valued differential forms. On these orbit spaces we have the natural \mathfrak{g} -valued 1-form Θ , induced by the Maurer–Cartan form on the Lie group \mathcal{G} , and the corresponding momentum map. We summarize the classical BRST transformations described as coboundary operator of the Chevalley–Eilenberg complex of the infinite dimensional Lie algebra \mathfrak{g} of infinitesimal gauge transformations, [10–12]. Next we describe the chiral anomaly as element of the first cohomology of the local BRST complex [11, 12] using an induced representation of \mathfrak{g} on local forms. We consider the Wess–Zumino consistency condition as a problem in this BRST cohomology. To find a solution we combine the BRST bicomplex with the idea of \mathfrak{g} -valued symplectic geometry and momentum maps. We show that